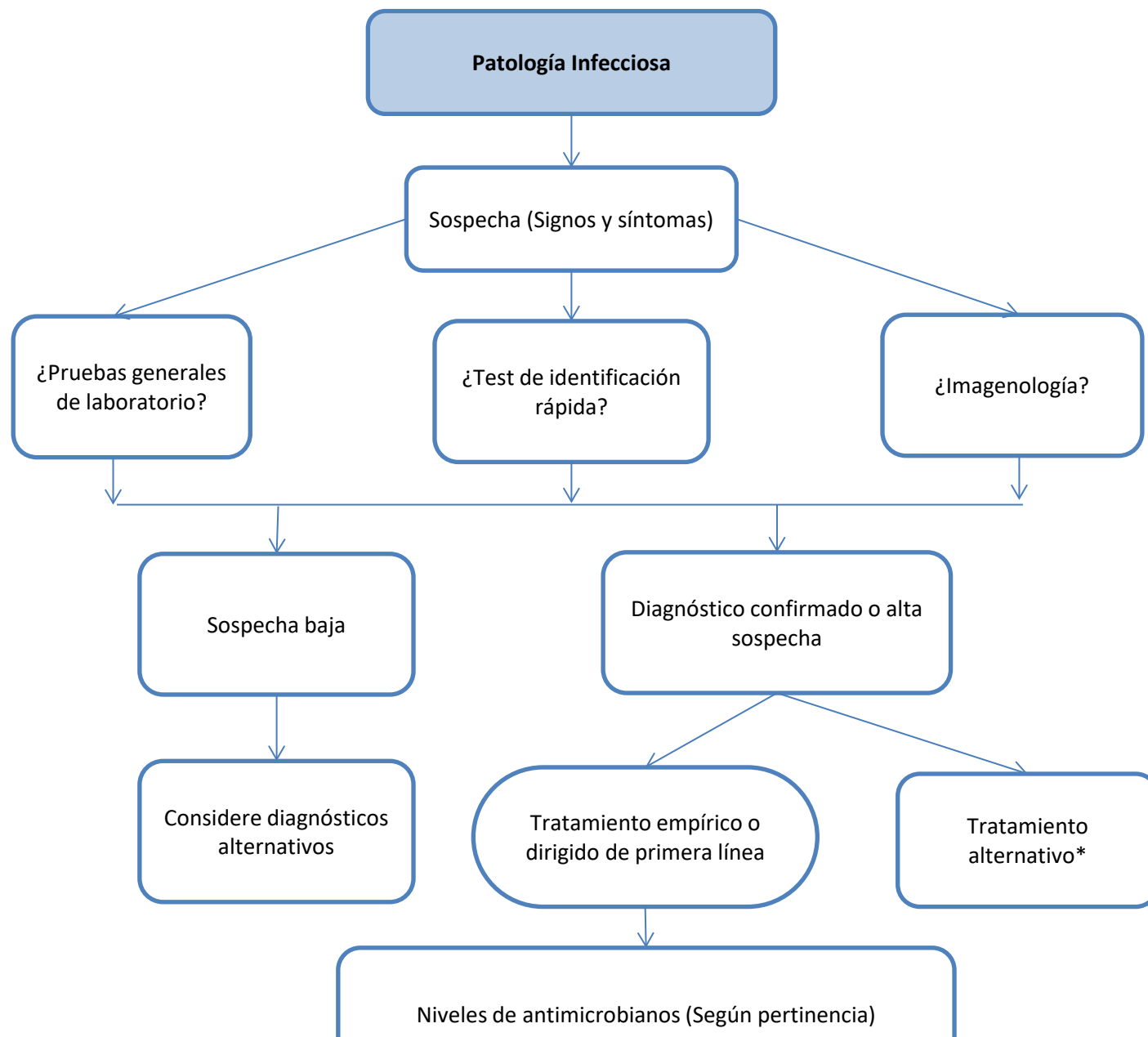
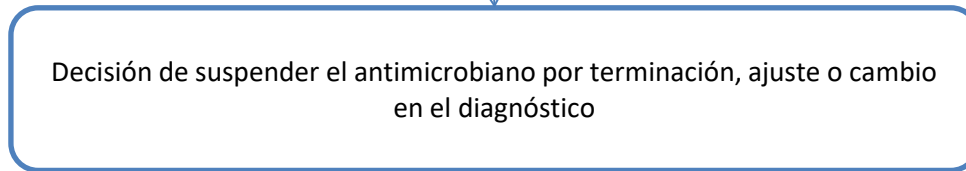
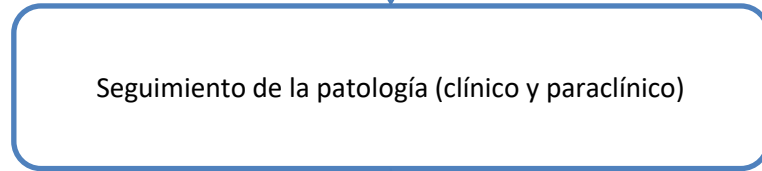
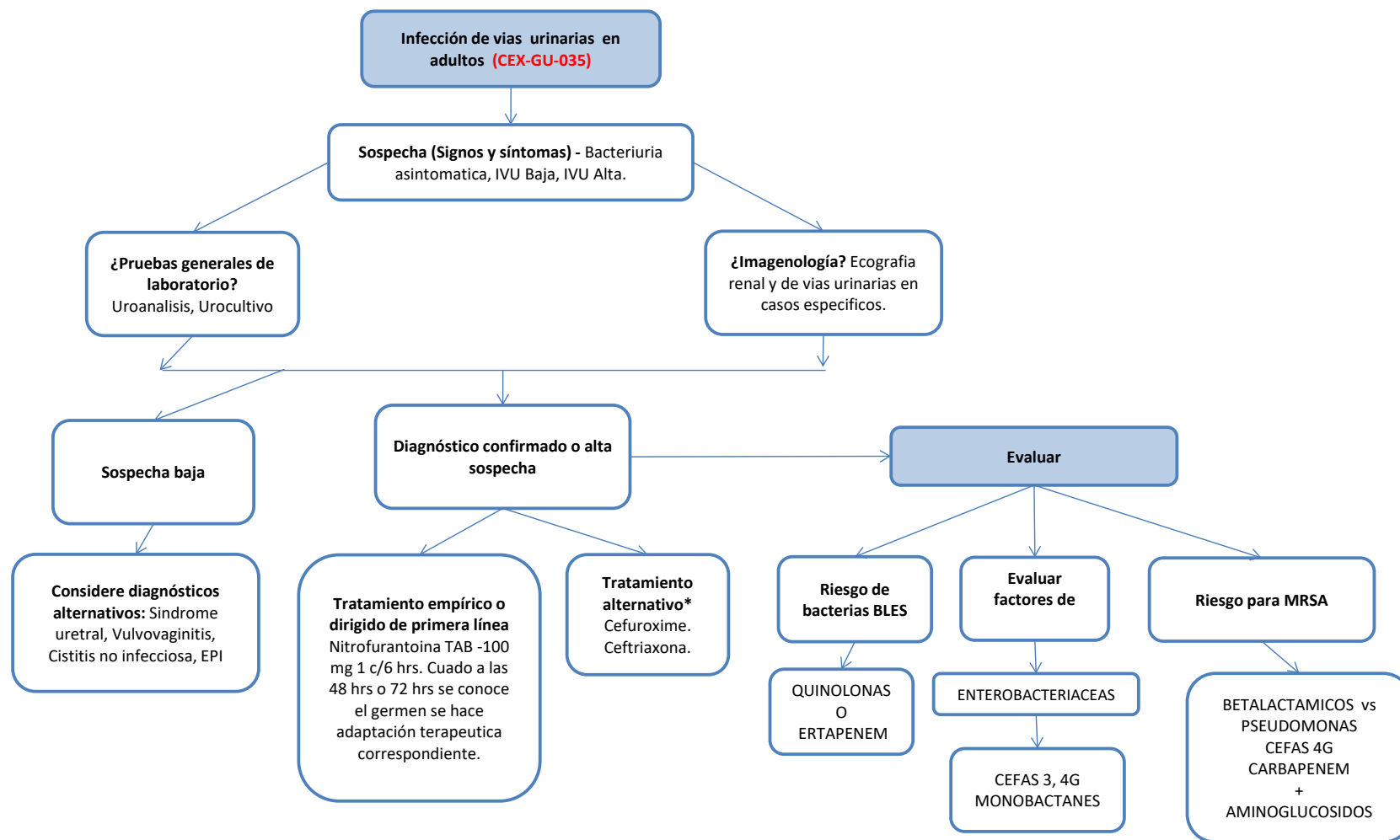






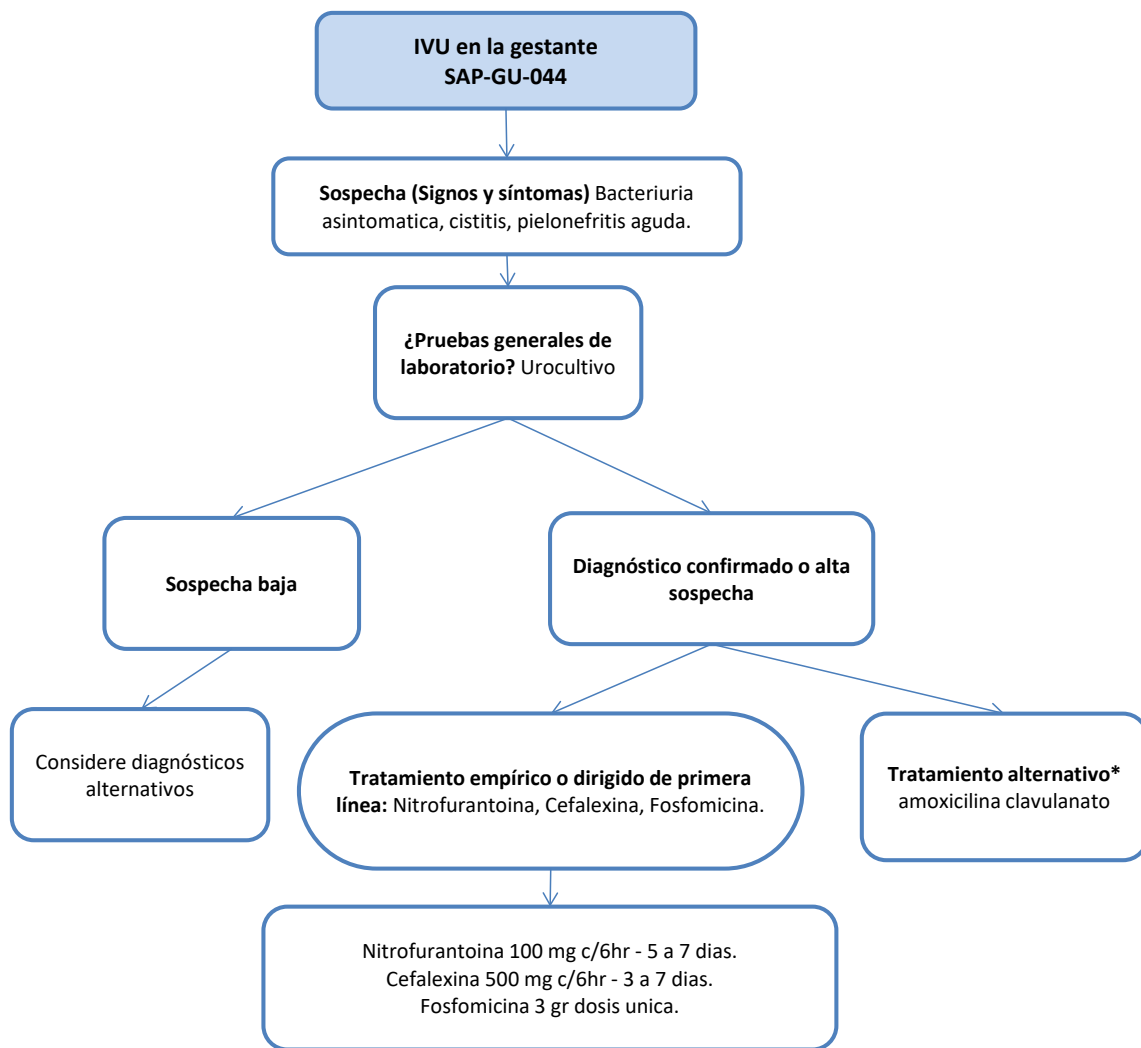


*Si hay contraindicaciones o no está disponible el tratamiento de primera línea

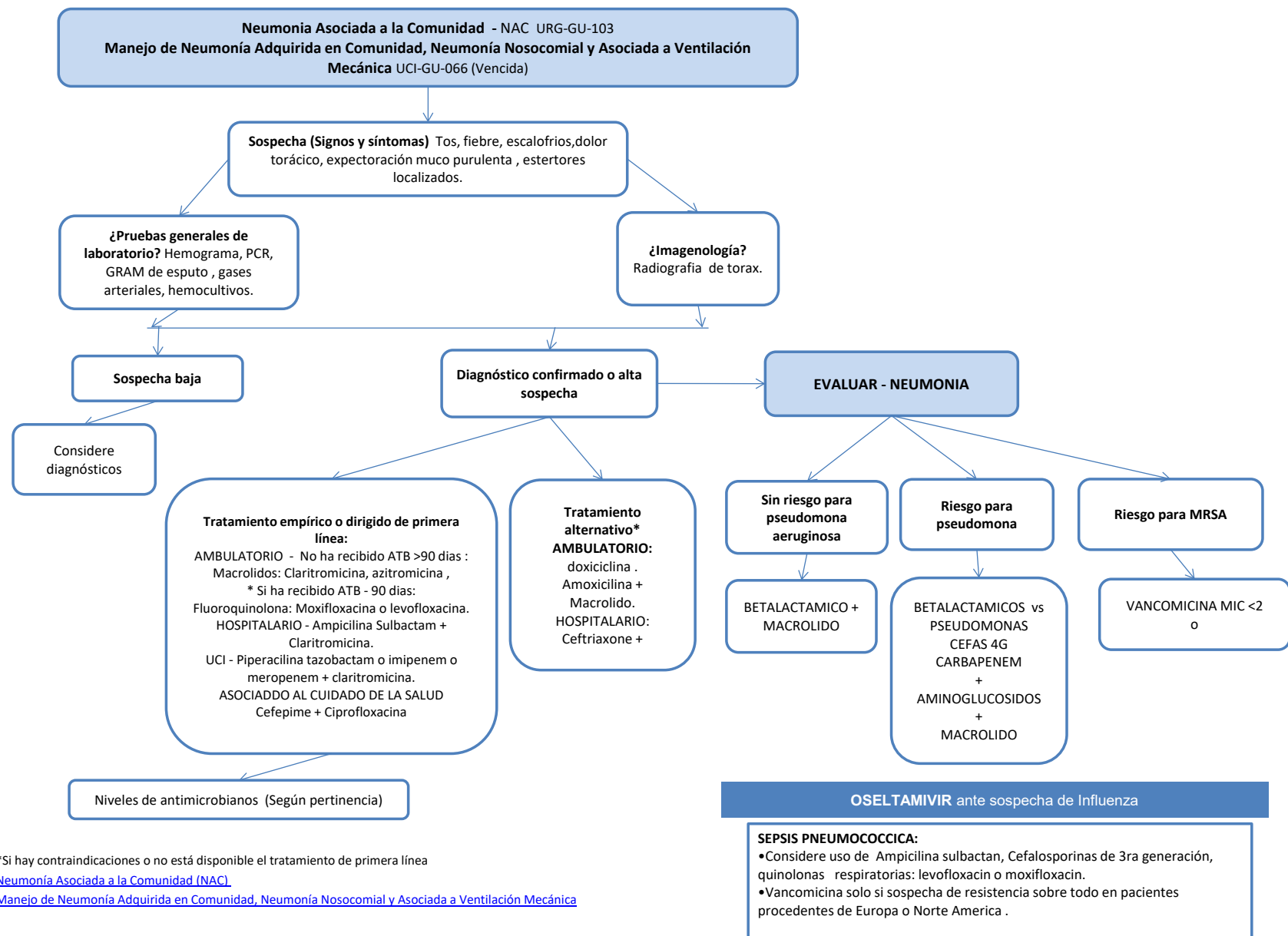
Enterococcus: EVALUE SENSIBILIDAD A AMPICILINA

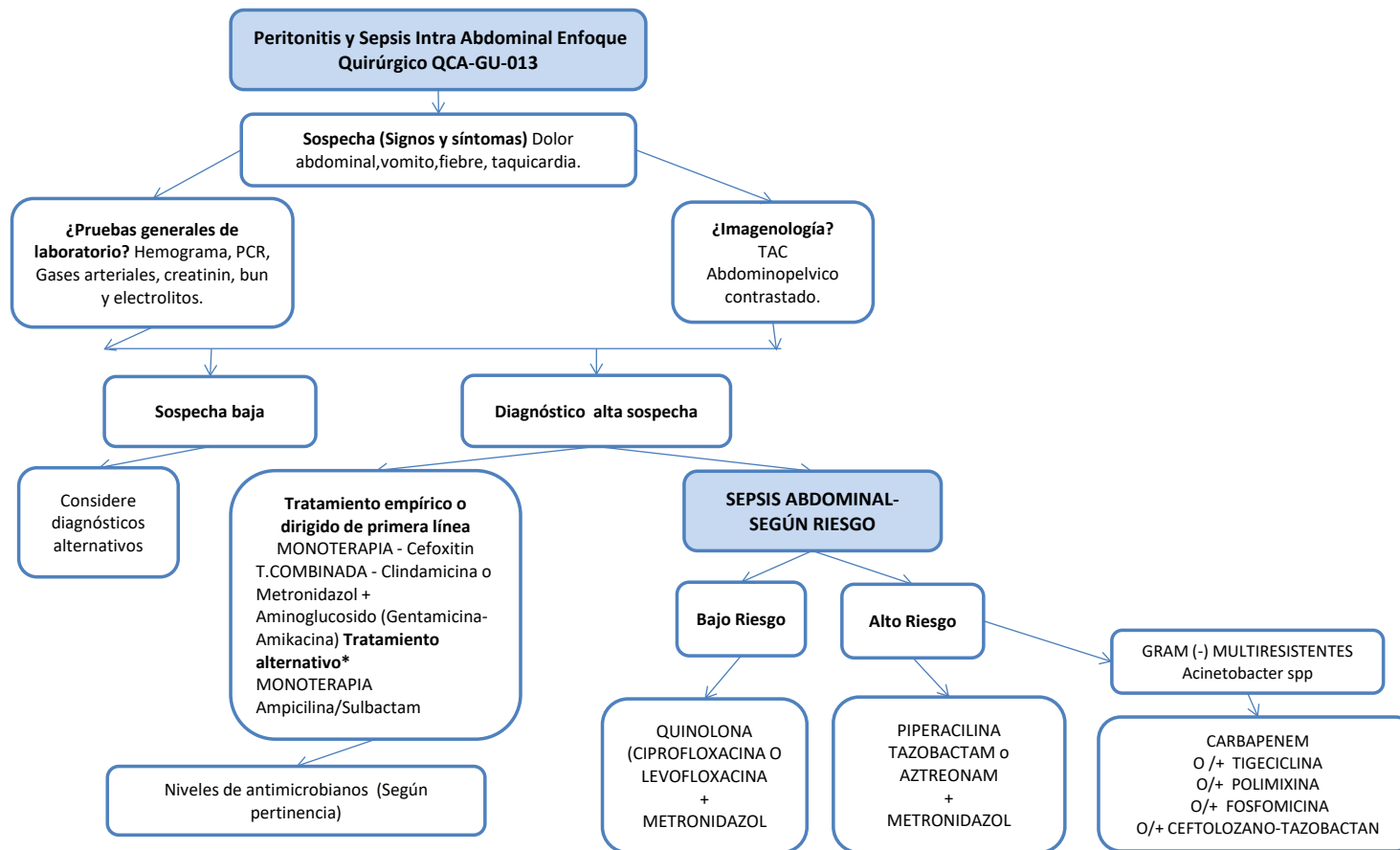
UROSEPSIS:

Predominantemente familia **Enterobacteriaceae** o **Enterococcus**, considere uso de cefalosporinas 3,4 generación o monobactams o quinolonas, o aminoglicósidos.



*Si hay contraindicaciones o no está disponible el tratamiento de primera línea





INFECCION TRACTO BILIAR:

•Microorganismos frecuentes incluyen Enterobacteriaceae, Anaerobios del tracto gastro-intestinal y Enterococcus, considere uso inicial de: Piperacilina-tazobactam, o cefalosporinas de 3 y 4 generación, o

INFECCION ABDOMINAL o PELVICA:

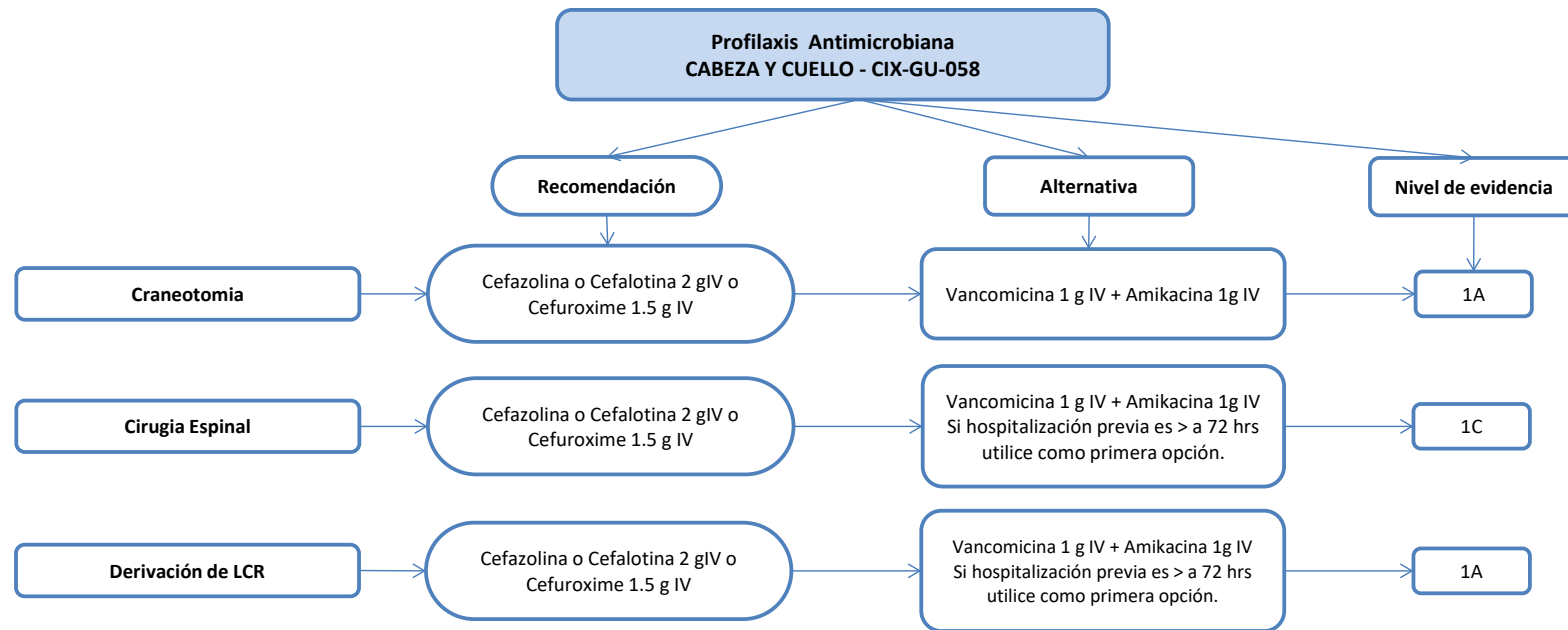
•Microorganismos como Enterobacteriaceae, asociadas a Anaerobios y/o Enterococcus considere uso inicial de piperacilina-tazobactam; o monobactanes o cefalosporinas 3/4 generación, o quinolonas / combine con metronidazol.

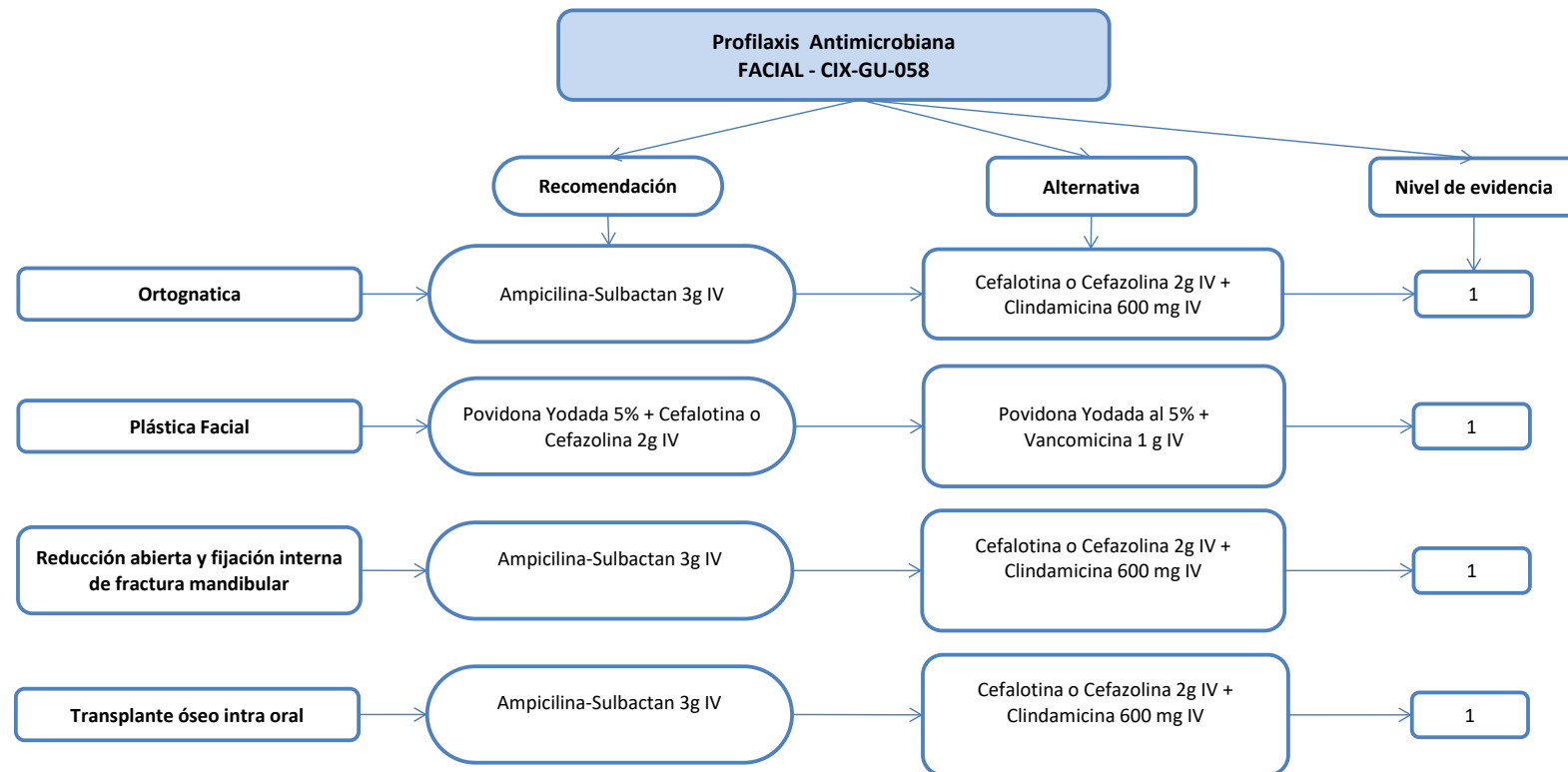
•EVALUE TEMPRANAMENTE CON LOS GRUPOS DE CIRUGIA ANTE SOSPECHA DE SEPSIS ABDOMINAL O PELVICA.

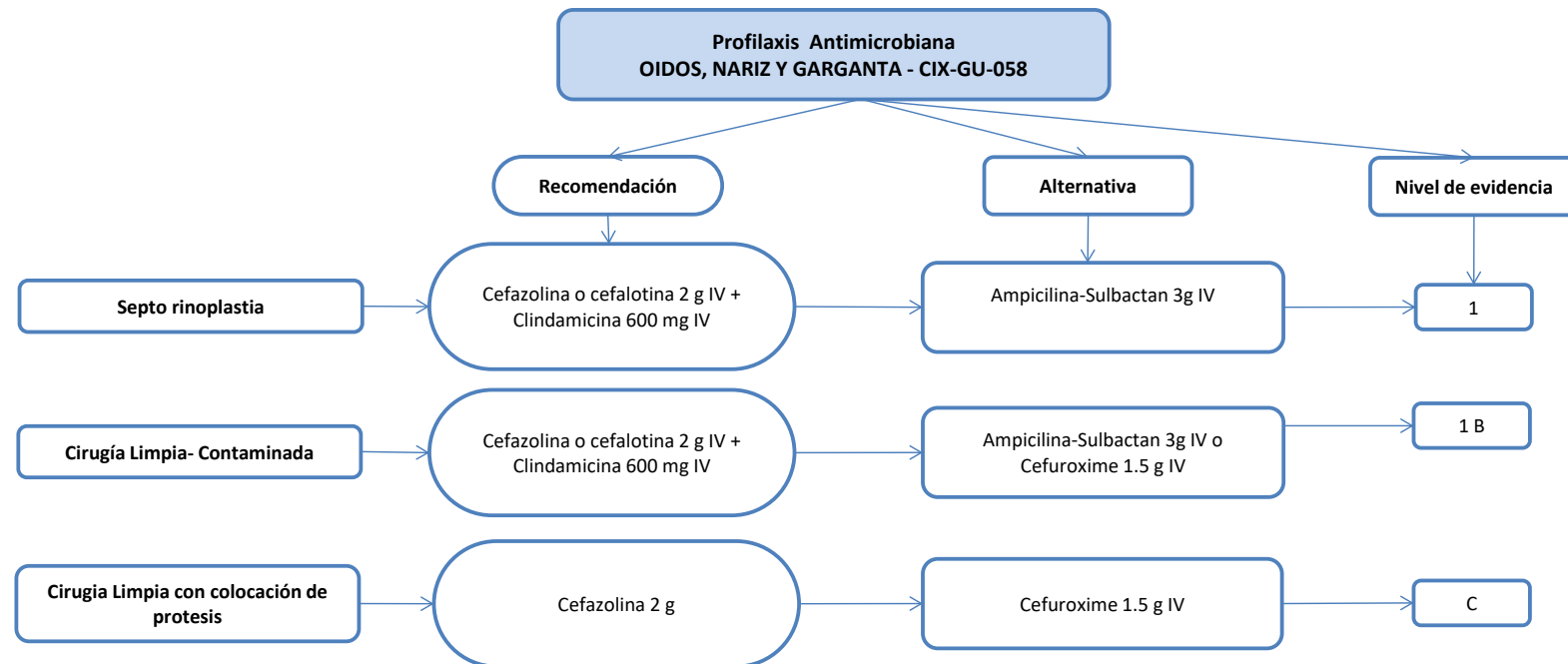
•PROCEDIMIENTOS ADICIONALES DEPENDERAN DE LA FUENTE DE INFECCION Y ESTADO CLINICO DEL PACIENTE.

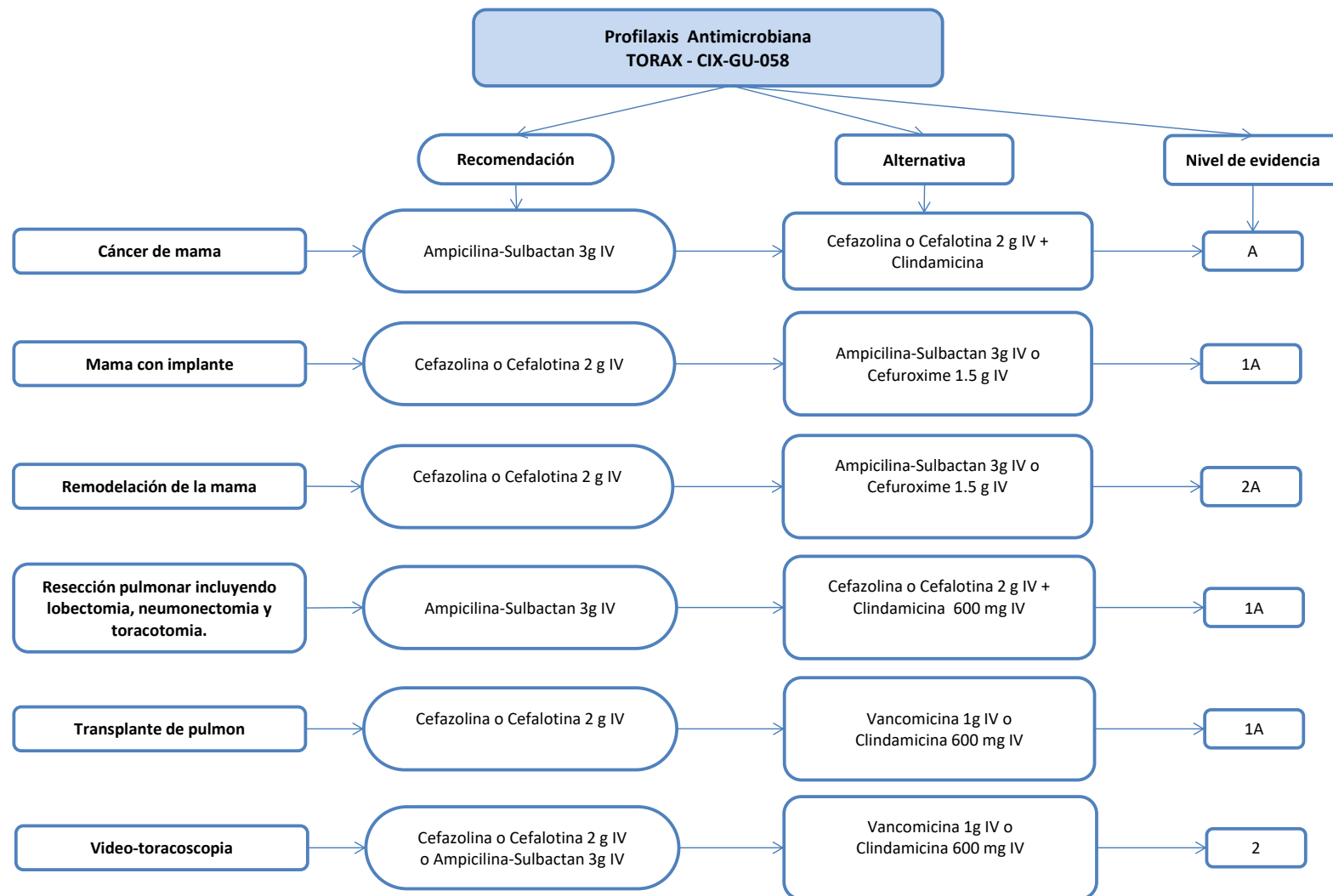
•UNA VEZ IDENTIFIQUE EL MICROORGANISMO, ESTRECHE EL ESPECTRO ANTIMICROBIANO, PUES ESTO HACE PARTE DEL USO RACIONAL Y EVITA APARICION RAPIDA DE RESISTENCIA.

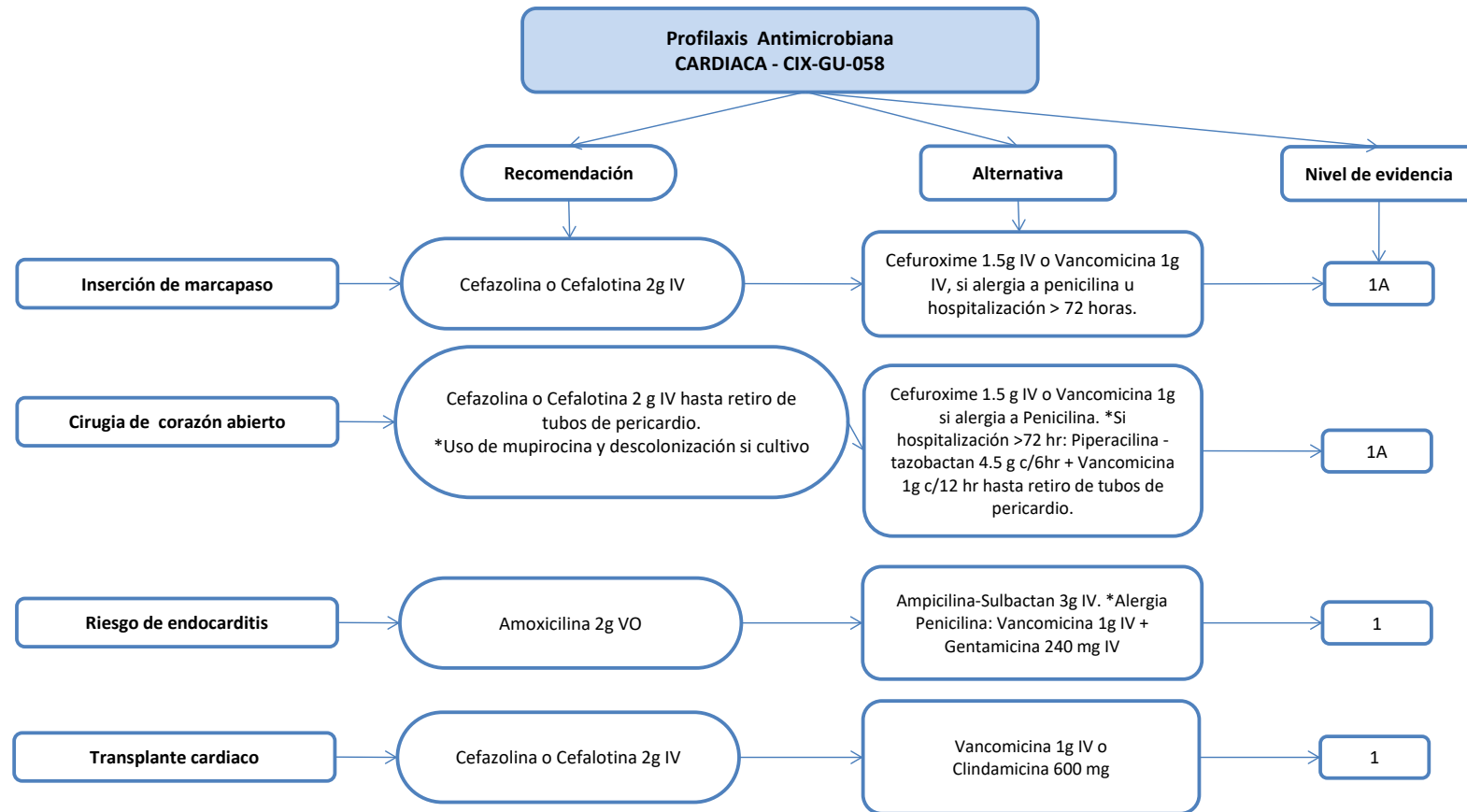
*Si hay contraindicaciones o no está disponible el tratamiento de primera línea

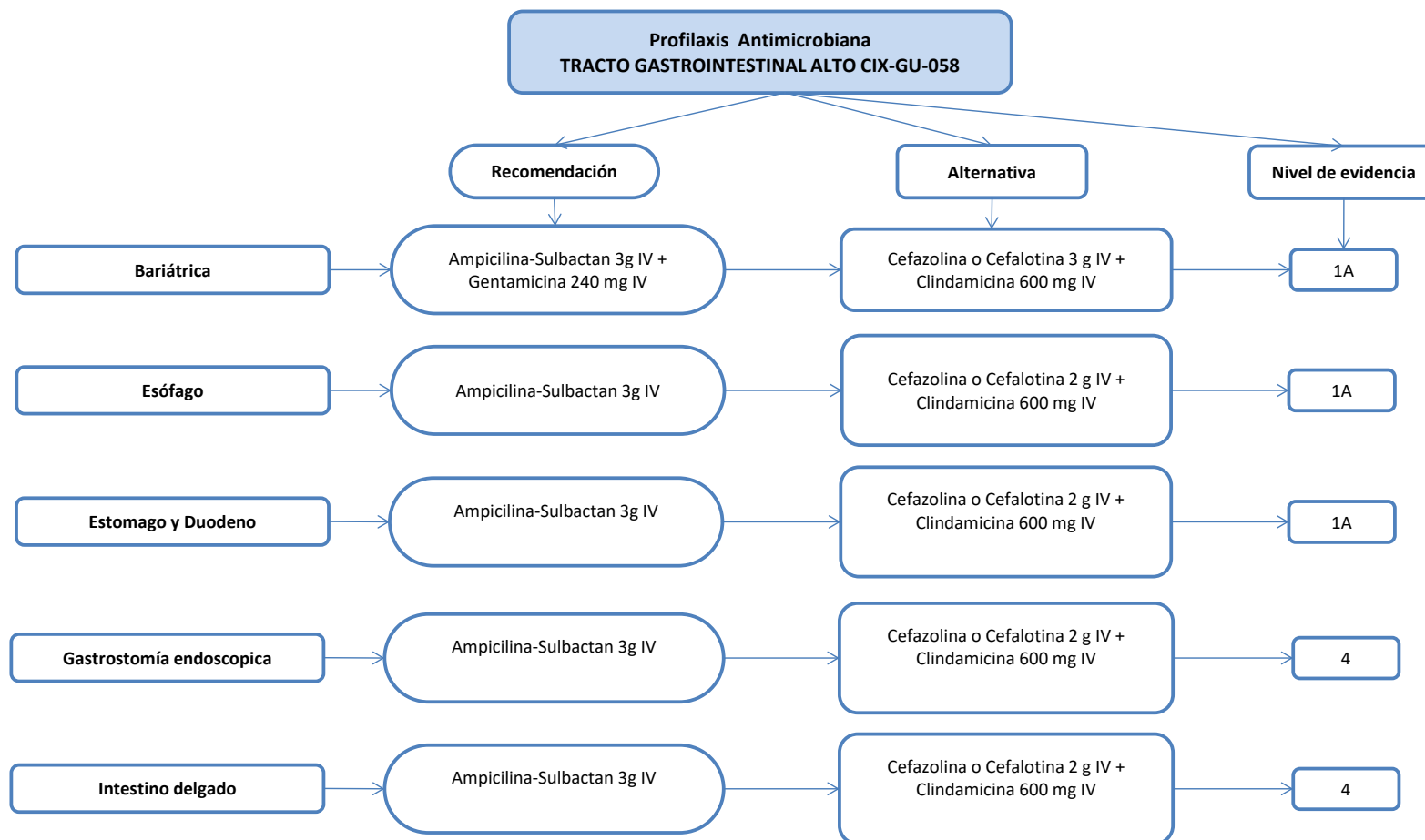


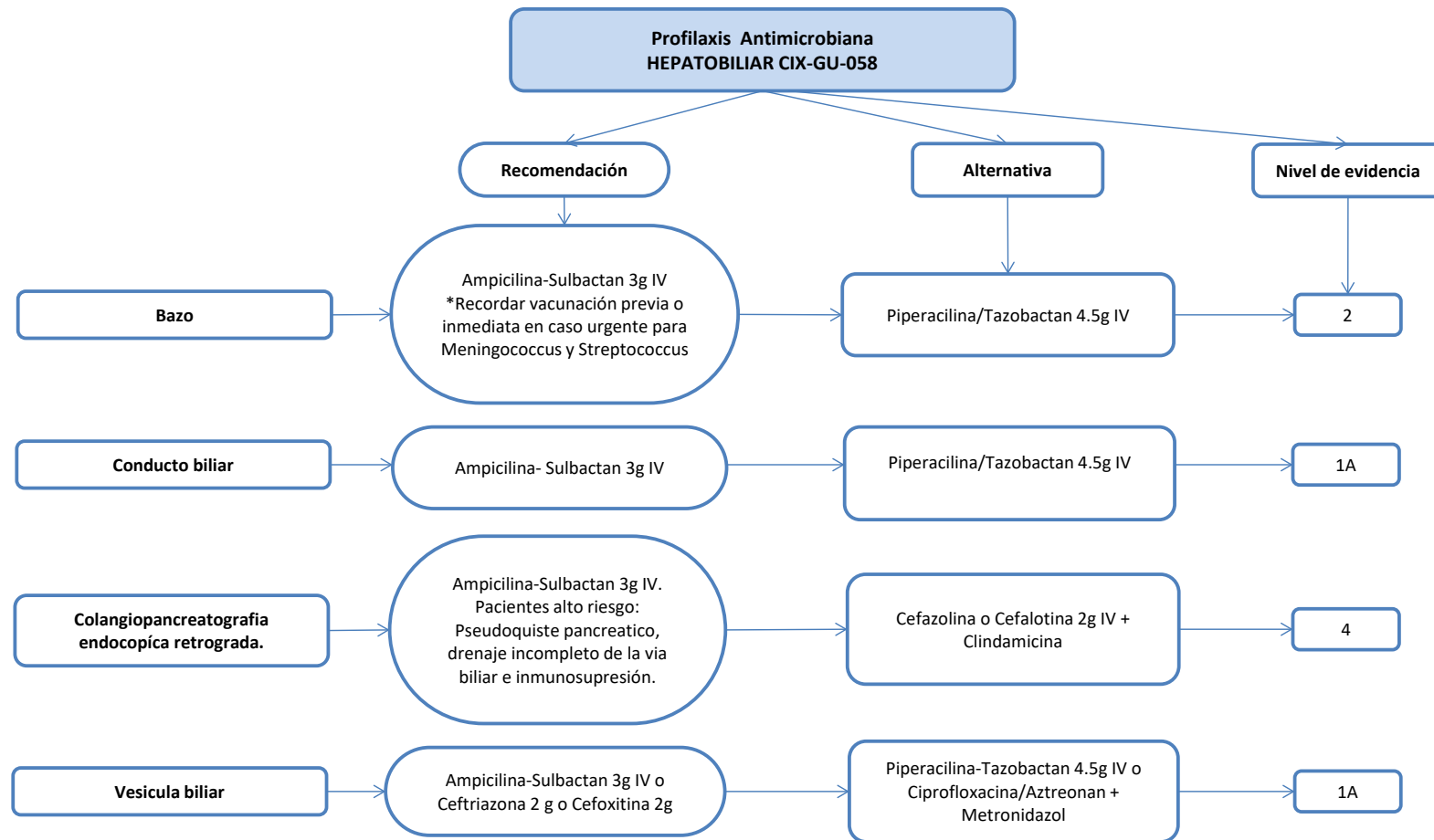


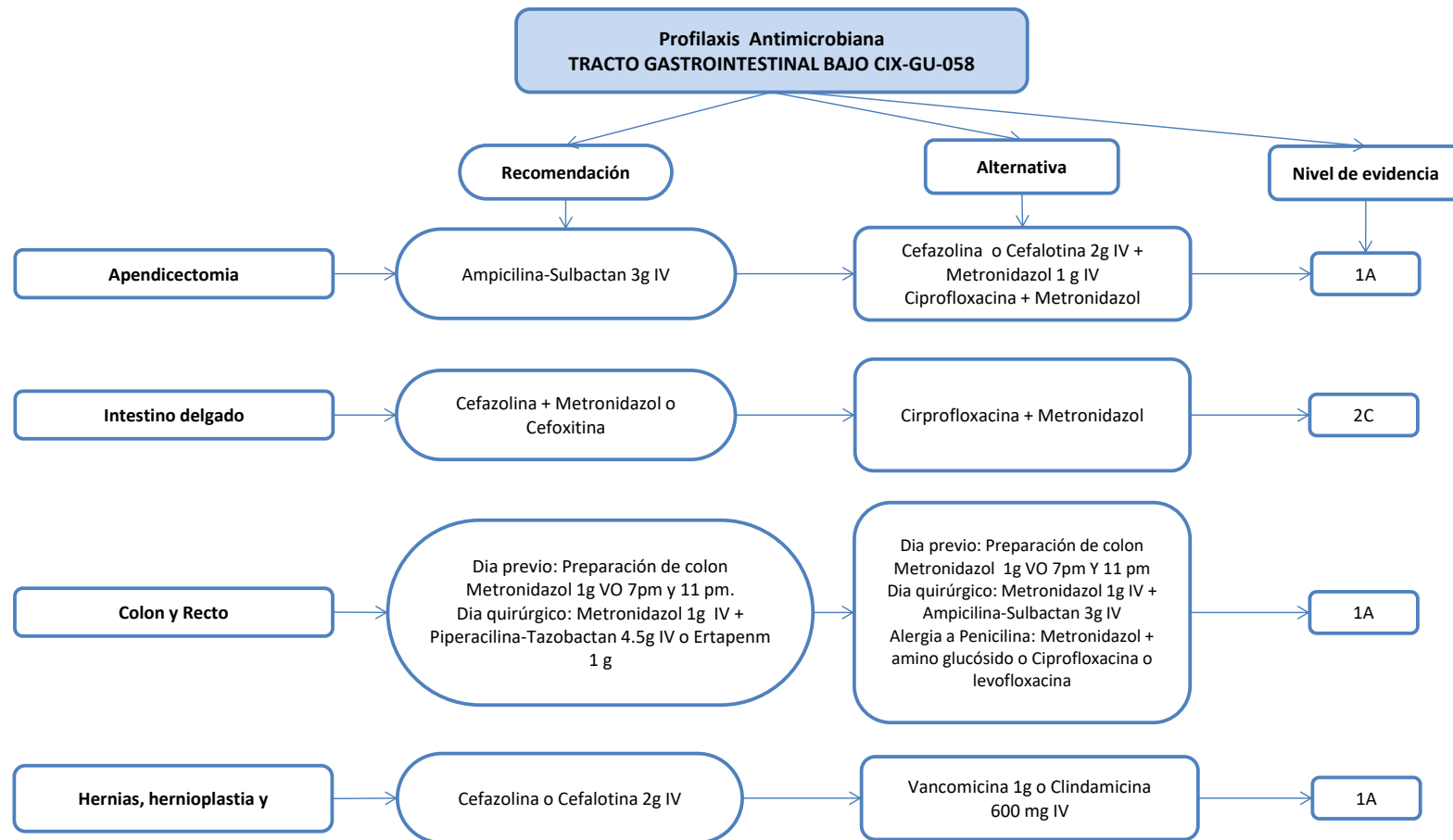


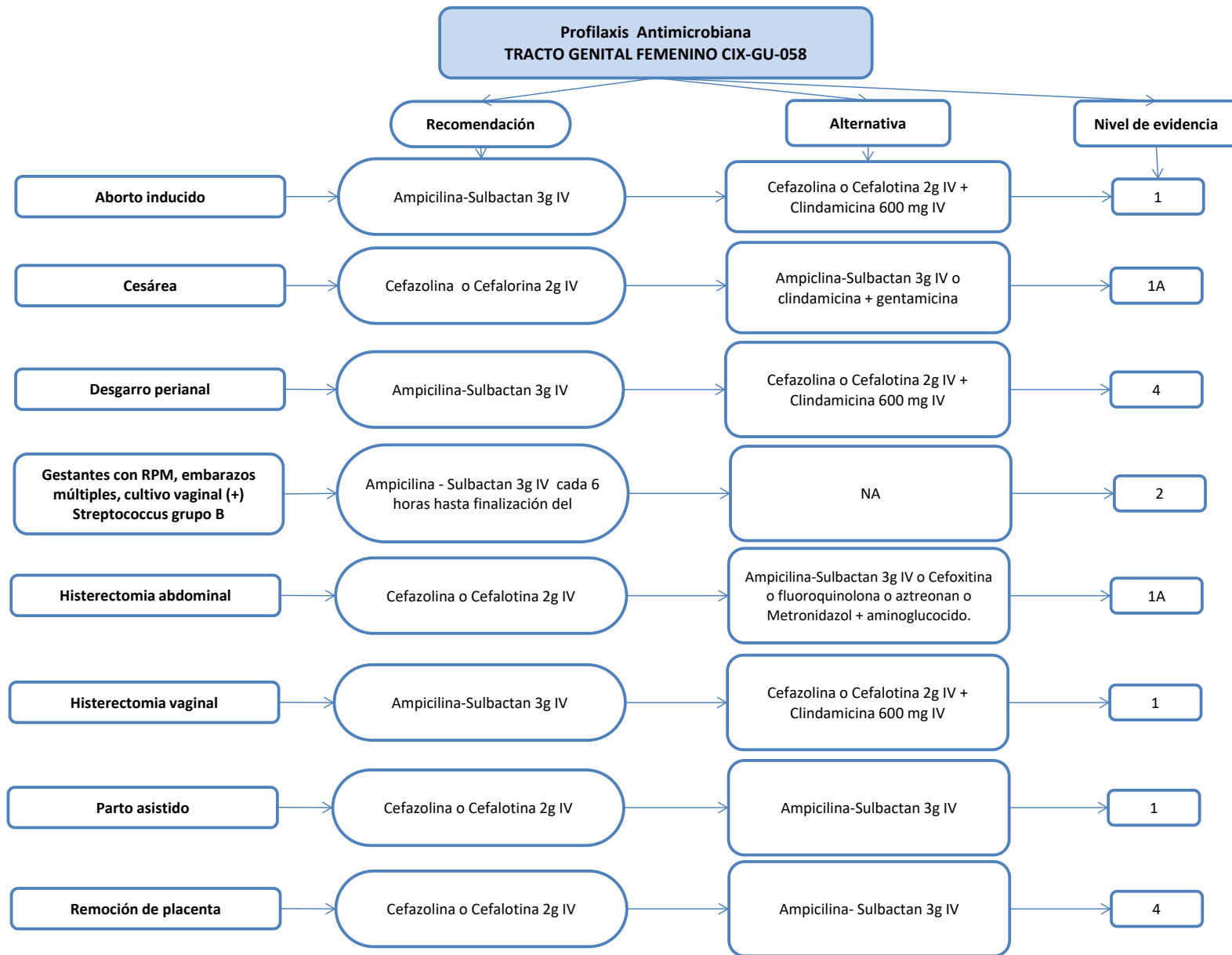


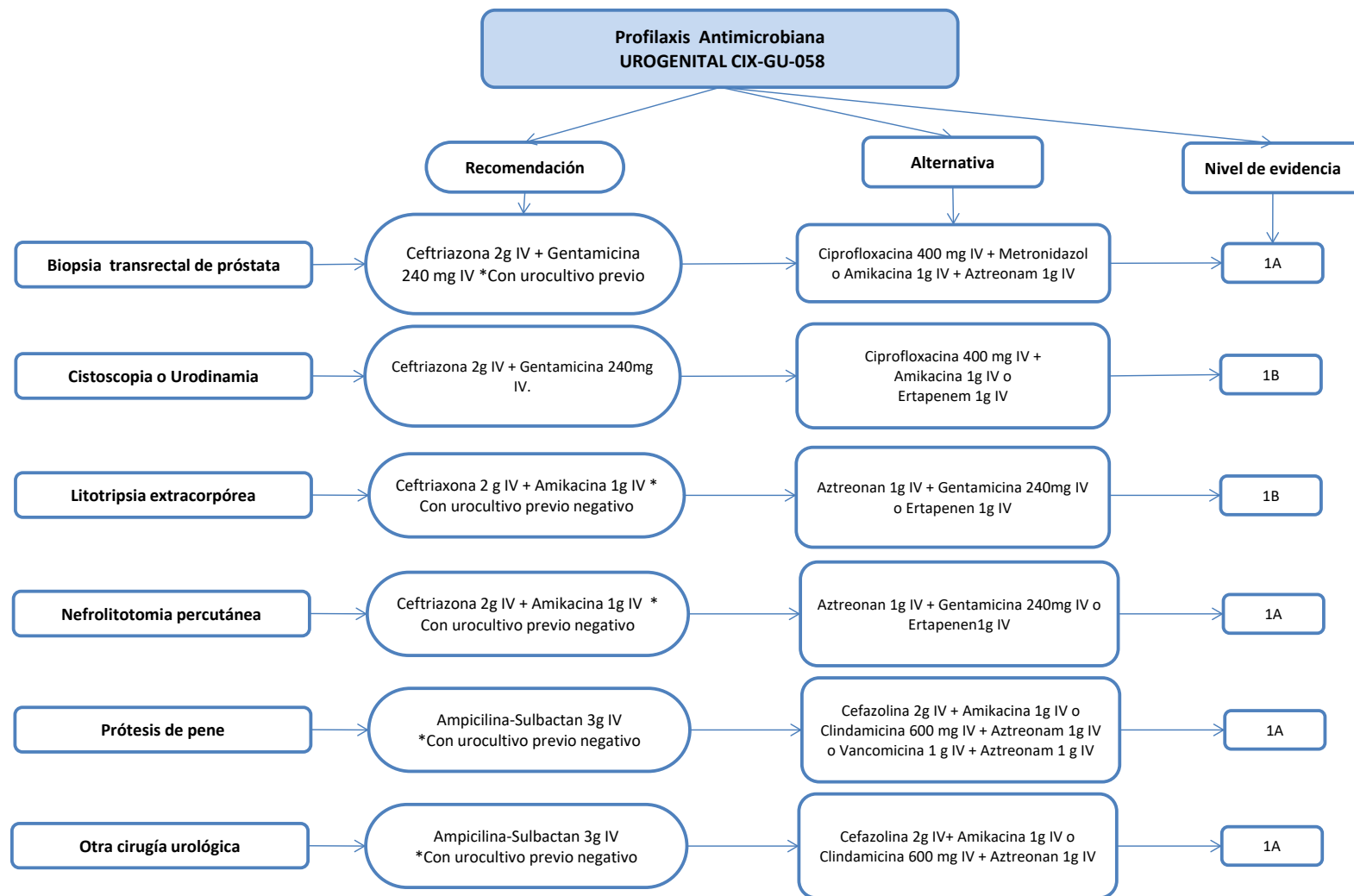


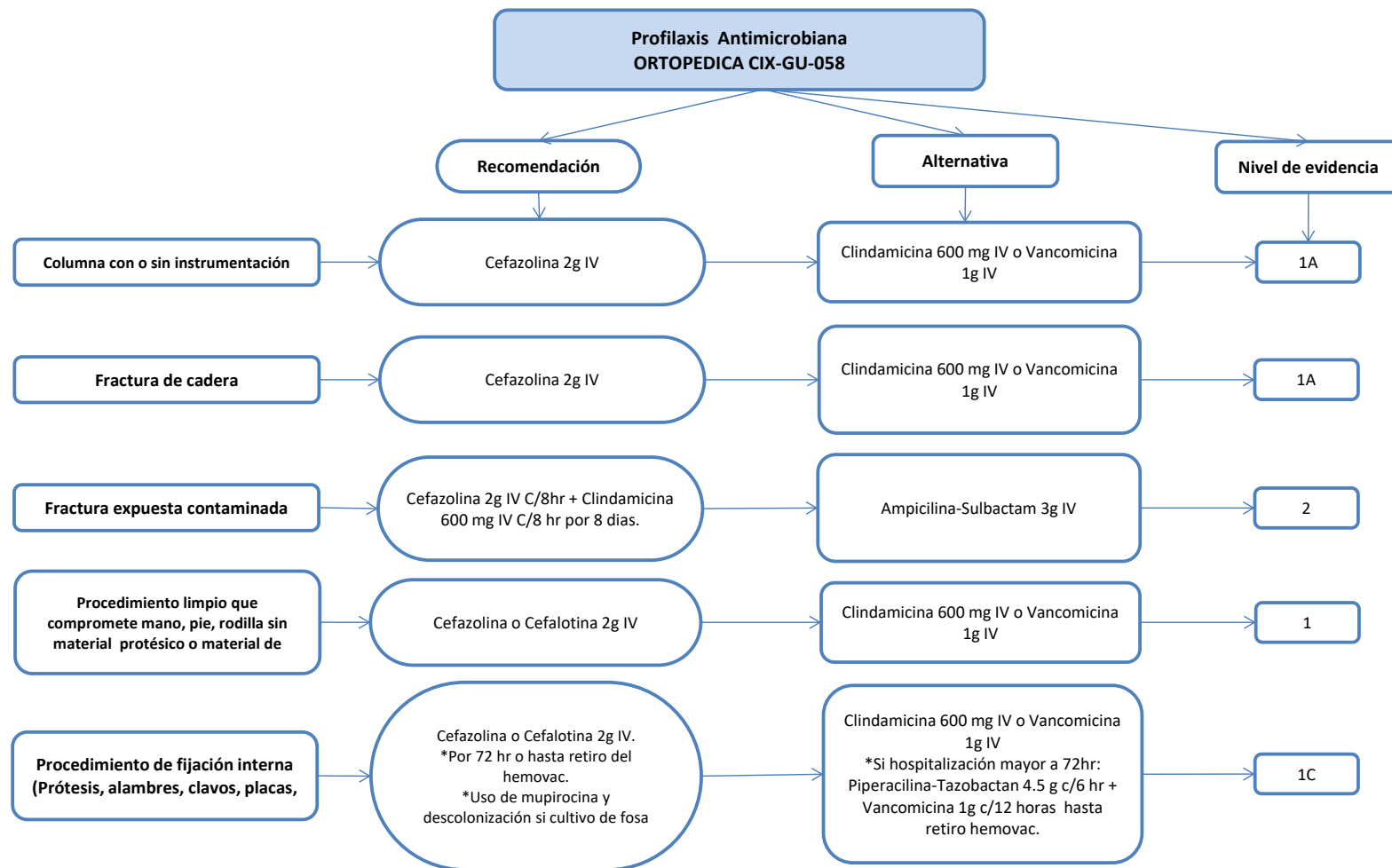


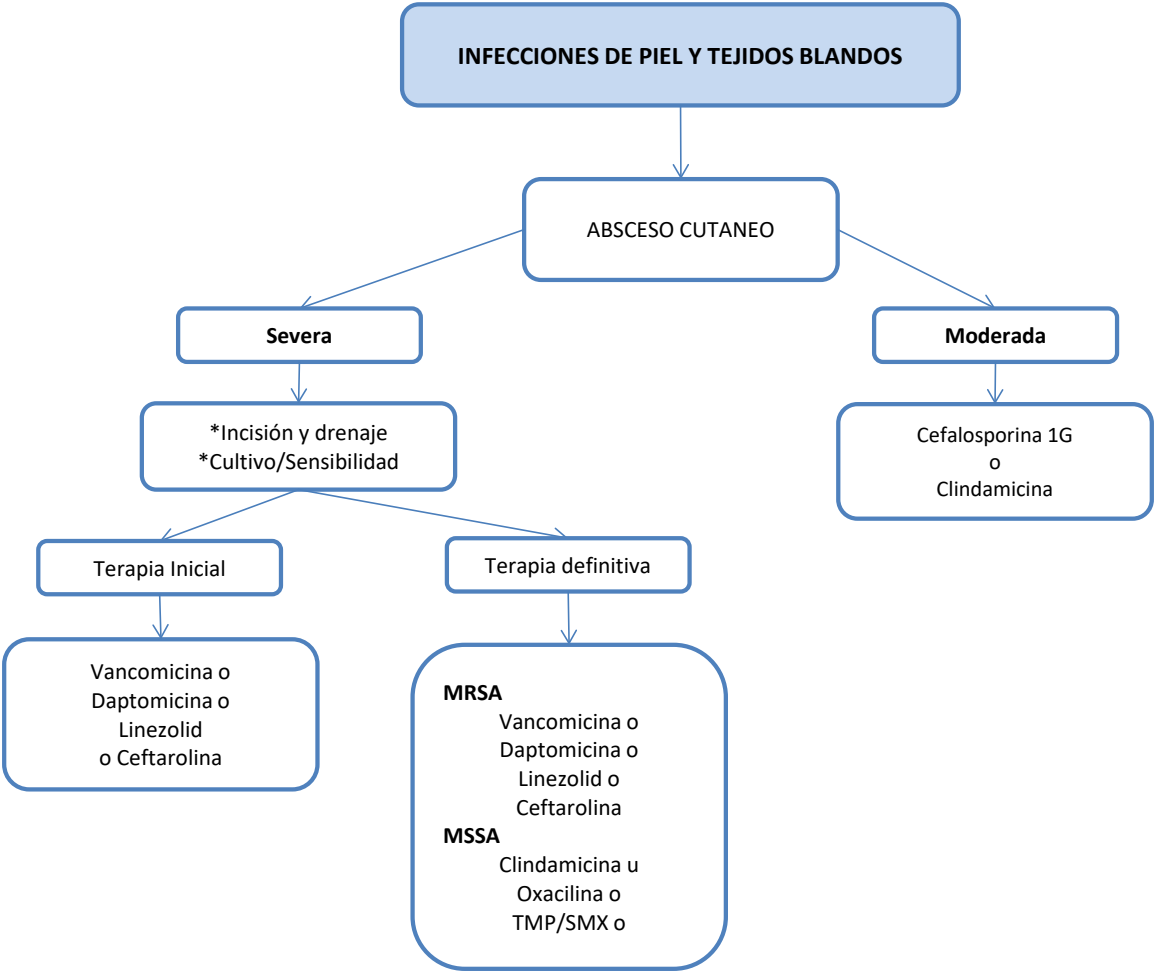


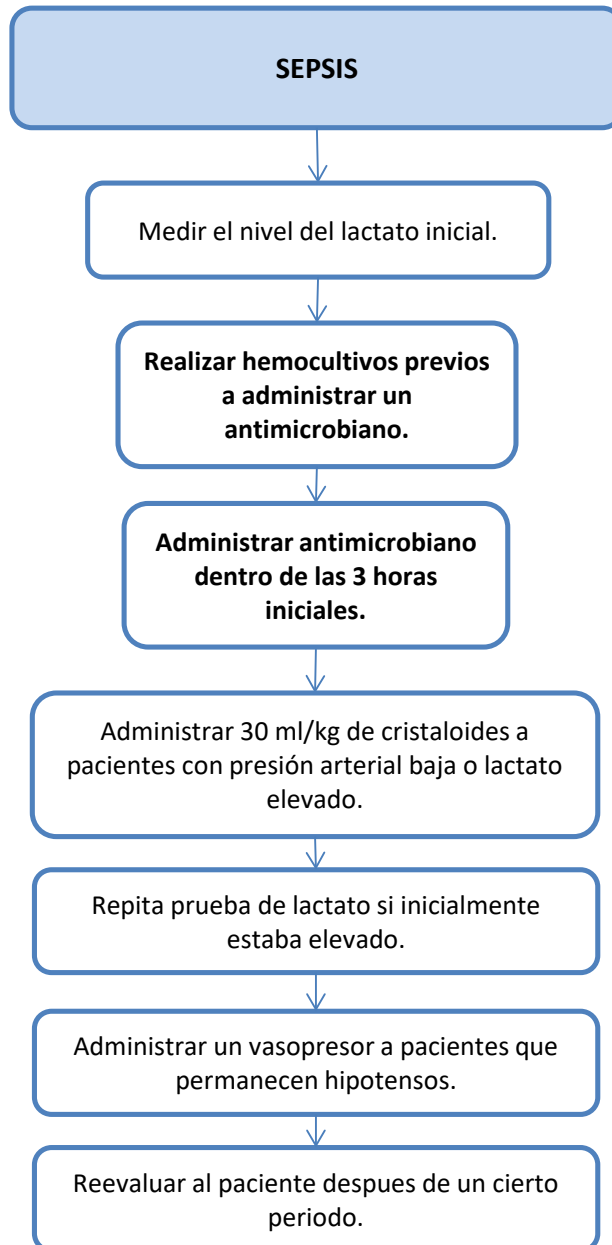


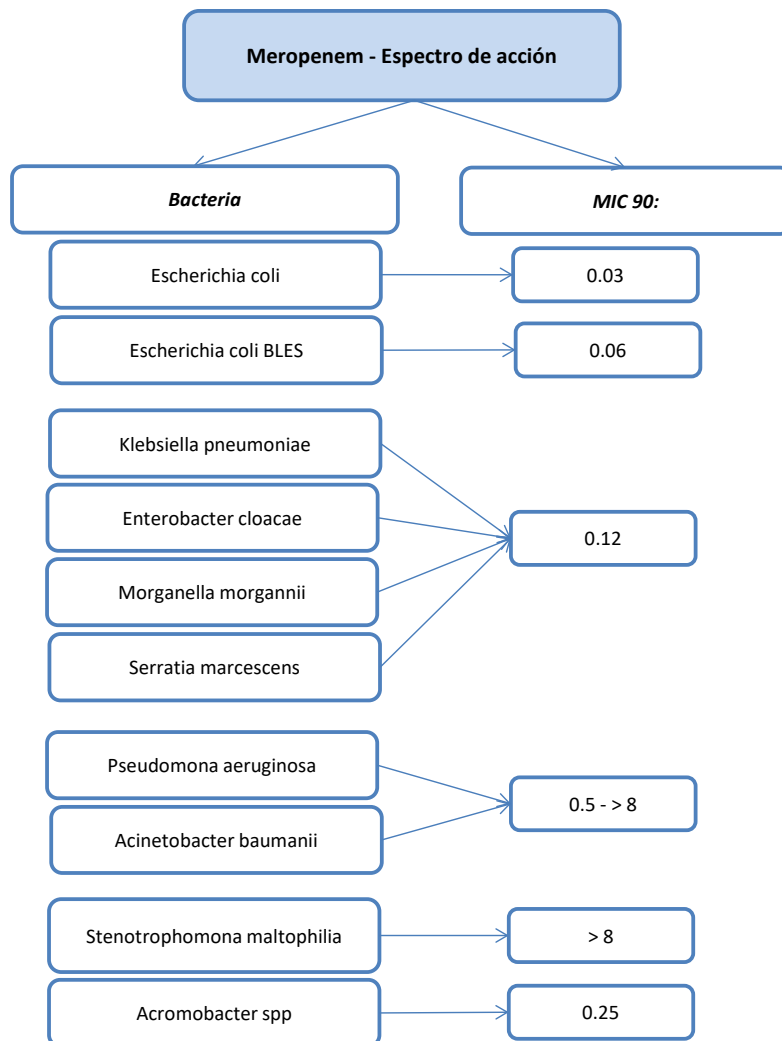












Amikacina - Espectro de acción Aminoglucósidos

P.aeruginosa
K.Pneumoniae
E.coli
Serratia Spp
Otras enterobacterias

Vancomicina - Espectro de acción

Actividad Antimicrobiana

Enterococcus faecalis
Enterococcus faecium
Streptococcus pneumoniae
Streptococcus pyogenes
Streptococcus agalactiae
Granulicatella spp
Abiotrophia defectiva
Listeria monocytogenes
Bacillus anthracis
Corynebacterium spp
SAMS
SAMR

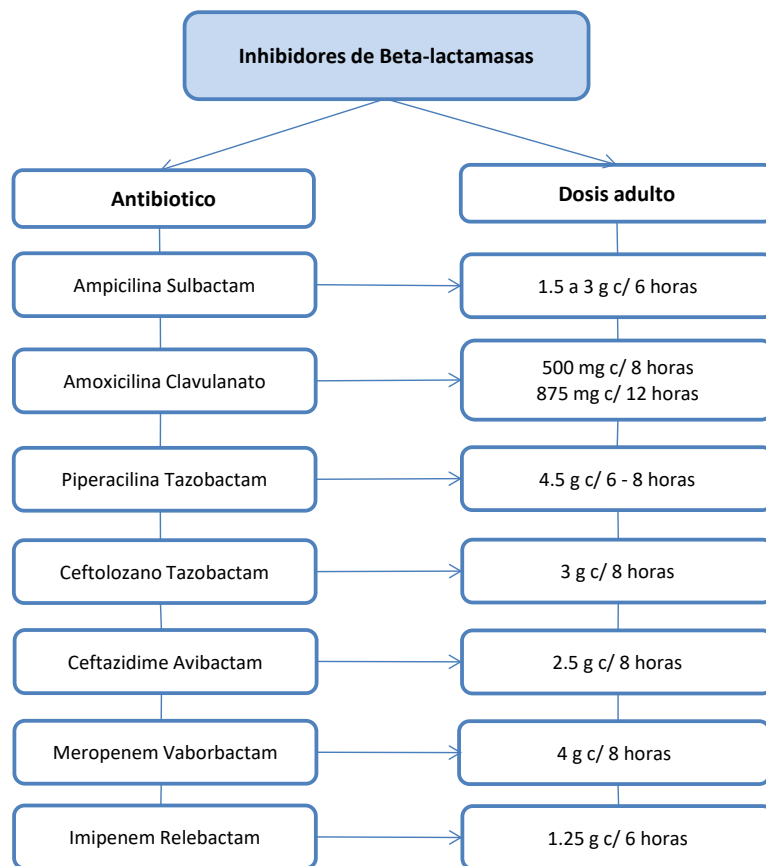
	MIC
Sensibilidad	<= 1.0
Sensibilidad intermedia	2.0
VISA	2- 4

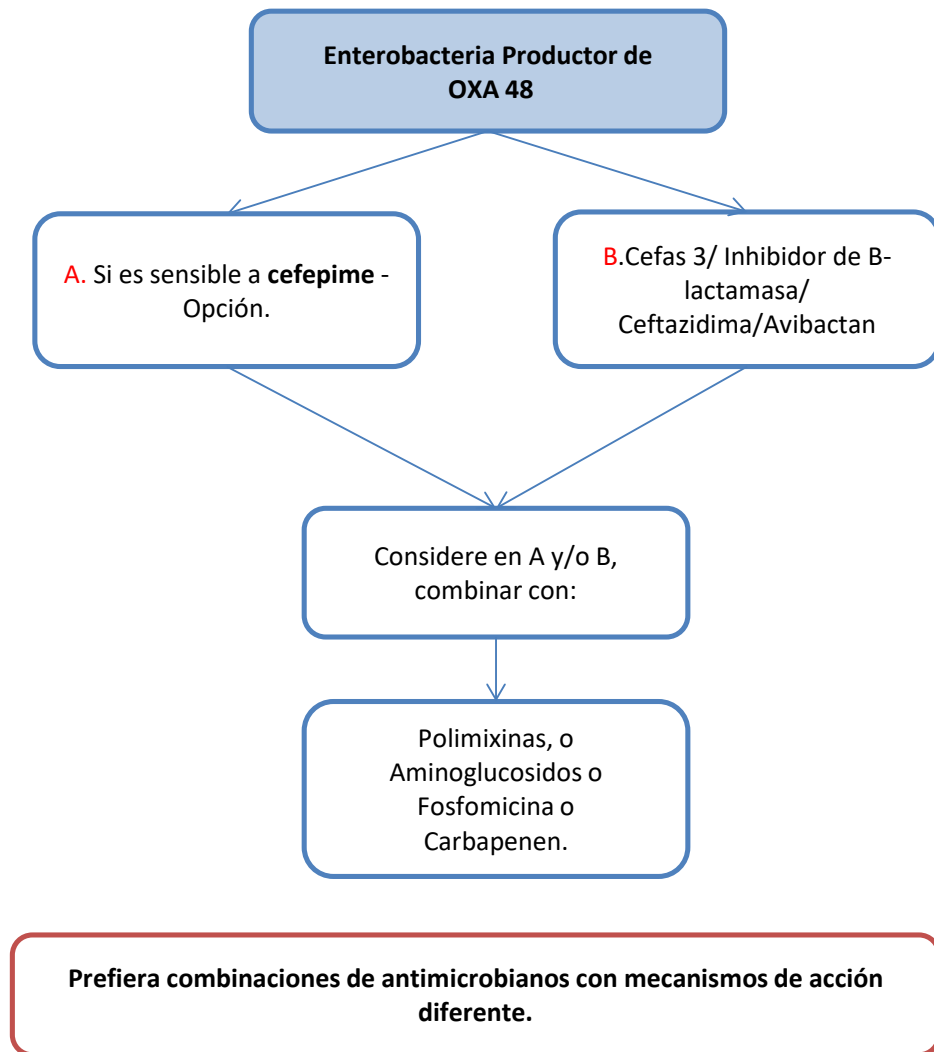
Quinolonas - Espectro de acción /MIC 90

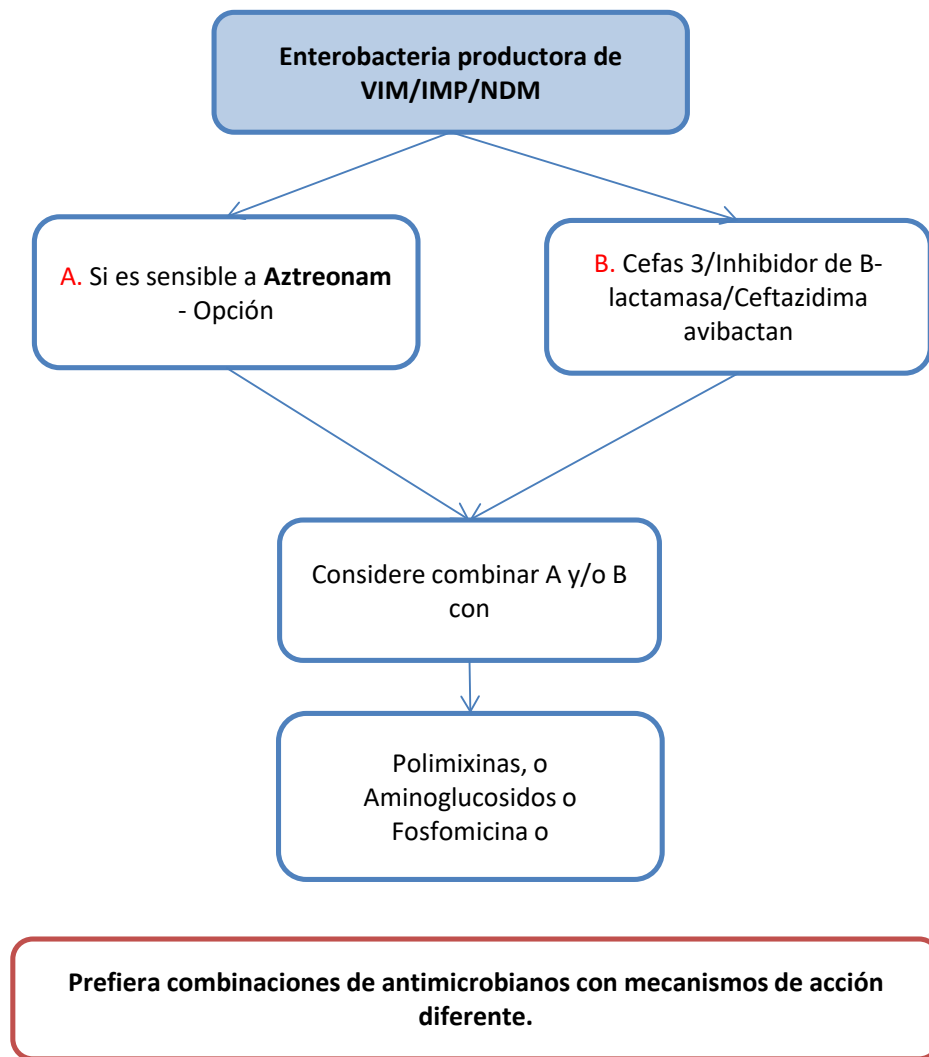
BACTERIA	Concentración Inhibitoria			
	Ciprofloxacina	Gatifloxacina	Moxifloxacina	Levofloxacina
Acinetobacter spp	0.25-2	0.03-8	>0.25 -16	0.05 - 32
Chlamydia pneumoniae	2	0.12	0.06 - 1	0.5 -1
Enterobacter cloacae	0.25	0.5	1	0.5
Escherichia coli	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.5
Klebsiella pneumoniae	0.5	1	1	0.5
Moraxella catarrhalis	0.015 - 0.012	0.03 - 0.05	0.015 -0.12	0.03 - 0.5
Pseudomona aeruginosa	0.5 -128	4 - 32	8 -128	2 -128
Stenotrophomona maltophilia	2 - 32	2 - 32	1 -128	2 -32
SAMS	0.5	0.12	0.12	0.25
SAMR	25 - 128	4 - 32	2 -16	8 - 32
SEMR	16	0.25 - 8	4	0.39 - 16

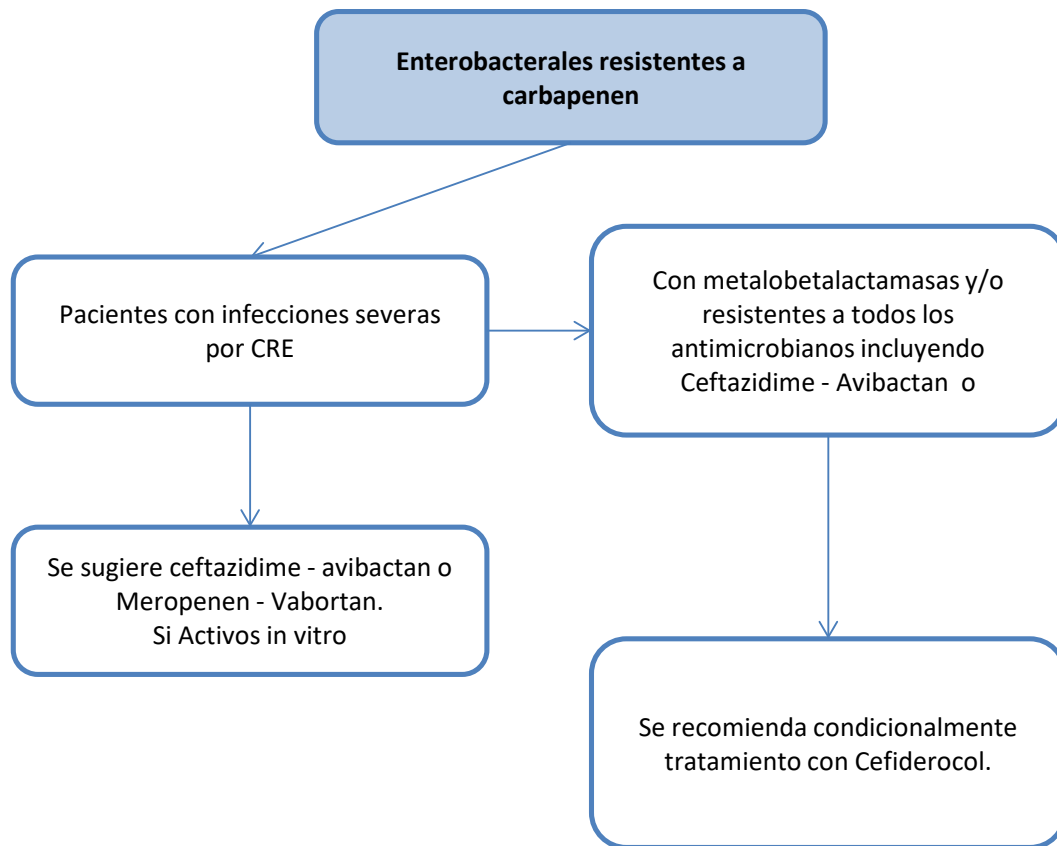
Antimicoticos - Espectro de acción

MICOSIS	Voriconazol	Fluconazol	Itraconazol	Posaconazol	Isavuconazol	Anfotericina B	Netamicina
Aspergillus spp	****		***	***	***	***	
Fusarium spp	**			**		**	***
Scedosporium species	**						
Candida spp	***	****	***	***	**	****	
Cryptococcus neoformans	**	***	**			****	
PHAEOHYPHOMYCOSIS	**		***	**		***	
Mucormycosis spp				**	**	***	
Sporothrix schenckii			****			***	
Coccidioidomycosis	**	***	***	**		***	
Histoplasma spp		**	***	**		****	
Mycetoma	**		***	**	**		
Cromoblastomycosis			***	**			
Paracoccidioidomycosis	**		****			***	
Talaromyces (penicilium)	**		***			***	









Si es sensible a polimixinas, fosfomicina, aminoglucocidos y tigeciclina, utilice terapia combinada.